2020

Nassau County Board of County Commissioners

Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

September 30, 2020



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

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NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Serving as of September 30, 2020

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Commissioner—District 1, ChairmanDaniel B. Leeper
Commissioner—District 2
Commissioner—District 3, Vice-ChairmanPat Edwards
Commissioner—District 4Thomas R. Ford
Commissioner—District 5
APPOINTED OFFICIALS
County ManagerTaco Pope
County AttorneyMichael Mullin

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Nassau County, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County Board of County Commissioners, Nassau County, Florida, (the Board) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes, which collectively comprise the Board's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Board's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Incomplete Presentation

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Nassau County that is attributable to the Board of County Commissioners. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County as of September 30, 2020, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Board's financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 19, 2021, on our consideration of the Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters under the heading Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

March 19, 2021

Gainesville, Florida

Purvis Dray



NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	General	County Transportation	Municipal Services	
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 543,79	·	\$ 4,626,549	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	730,03		-	
Equity in Pooled Investments	35,160,22	27 9,546,878	4,239,116	
Accounts Receivable, (Net of				
Allowance for Uncollectibles)	768,60	66 40	17,785	
Loans Receivable, (Net of				
Allowance for Uncollectibles)	202 7		-	
Due from Other Funds	893,73	•	36,981	
Due from Constitutional Officers	2,147,43	•	79,965	
Due from Other Governments	12,880,23		50,369	
Inventories	456,43	•		
Prepaid Expenditures	560,83	1,939	2,797,961	
Total Assets	54,141,32	26 10,263,028	11,848,726	
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	3,025,22	25 1,671,705	250,330	
Accrued Liabilities	1,214,74		-	
Retainage Payable	3,92		17,966	
Due to Other Funds	72,2	The state of the s	485,751	
Due to Constitutional Officers	88,40		1,271	
Due to Other Governments	272,50		827	
Deposits	3,52			
Total Liabilities	4,680,54	1,922,555	756,145	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Revenues	9,043,28	- 33	-	
Fund Balances				
Non-Spendable	1,017,22	26 104,858	2,797,961	
Restricted	1,092,12		5,000	
Committed	2,174,90		, -	
Assigned	28,961,5		8,289,620	
Unassigned	7,171,60		-	
Total Fund Balances	40,417,49		11,092,581	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 54,141,32	<u>26 \$ 10,263,028</u>	\$ 11,848,726	
C	 	<u> </u>	+ +1,0 10,720	

Capital Projects - Transportation		I	Comprehensive Impact Fee Ordinance		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$	1,643,023	\$	2,338,803	\$	8,456,150	\$	17,669,620
	14,980,595		- 7,501,277		35,659,408		730,011 107,087,501
	-		-		25,058		811,549
	-		-		40,000		40,000
	-		-		10,557		964,804
	-		-		104,818		2,364,306
	1,658,023		-		58,079		15,141,035
	-		-		-		559,334
					6,342		3,367,053
	18,281,641		9,840,080		44,360,412		148,735,213
	2,423,584		-		1,009,915		8,380,759
	-		-		-		1,214,744
	380,275		-		106,035		519,327
	-		-		109,166		896,054
	-		-		21,217		110,890
	-		1,619,791		50,932		1,944,425
			_		295,303		309,267
	2,803,859		1,619,791		1,592,568		13,375,466
	1,695,784		-		42,286		10,781,353
	-		_		6,342		3,926,387
	-		8,220,289		37,511,784		46,829,194
	13,781,998		-		5,089,863		21,046,767
	-		-		117,569		45,604,383
	-		-		-		7,171,663
	13,781,998		8,220,289		42,725,558		124,578,394
\$	18,281,641	\$	9,840,080	\$	44,360,412	\$	148,735,213

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	General	County Transportation		Municipal Services	
Taxes Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Revenues Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 71,958,113 78,379 14,690,277 2,042,424 26,549 966,299 326,725	\$	8,077,055 8,557 1,929,876 15,416 - 165,083 199,688	\$ 15,376,801 474,525 872,421 469,915 1,085 174,252 66,508	
Total Revenues	 90,088,766		10,395,675	 17,435,507	
Expenditures Current: General Government Services Public Safety Physical Environment Transportation Economic Environment Human Services Culture and Recreation Court-Related Expenditures Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges (Total Expenditures)	8,605,811 15,038,442 1,959,039 29 186,362 3,947,258 1,990,892 770,868 2,283,140		- - - 8,104,846 - - - 1,353,311 - - - 9,458,157	2,296,914 9,027,123 - - 1,254,851 - 1,969,678 - 14,548,566	
	 34,781,841		9,438,137	 14,548,500	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 55,306,925		937,518	 2,886,941	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from Constitutional Officers Transfers to Constitutional Officers Transfers in Transfers (out) Sale of General Capital Assets	2,118,578 (35,248,104) 417,041 (10,542,884) 63,059		20,434 (104,838) 1,940,050 (2,220,396) 11,495	79,955 (3,094,590) 2,085,132 (85,470) 14,887	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (43,192,310)		(353,255)	 (1,000,086)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	12,114,615		584,263	1,886,855	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	28,302,880		7,756,210	9,205,726	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 40,417,495	\$	8,340,473	\$ 11,092,581	

Capital Projects - Transportation	Comprehensive Impact Fee Ordinance	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,123,687	\$ 102,535,656
-	2,341,398	4,115,391	7,018,250
5,263,302	-	430,683	23,186,559
-	-	949,479	3,477,234
-	-	112,583	140,217
229,809	108,629	620,534	2,264,606
	-	536,602	1,129,523
5,493,111	2,450,027	13,888,959	139,752,045
-	-	1,771,055	12,673,780
-	-	622,144	24,687,709
-	-	1,008,019	2,967,058
3,622,185	-	18,615	11,745,675
-	-	4,232,701	4,419,063
-	-	121,244	5,323,353
-	-	54,481	2,045,373
-	-	157,612	928,480
8,299,247	-	2,136,055	16,041,431
-	-	1,610,176	1,610,176
-	-	1,660,005	1,660,005
11,921,432	-	13,392,107	84,102,103
(6,428,321)	2,450,027	496,852	55,649,942
-	-	566,644	2,785,611
-	-	(2,517,770)	(40,965,302)
2,790,500	-	5,947,598	13,180,321
-	-	(266,452)	(13,115,202)
			89,441
2,790,500		3,730,020	(38,025,131)
(3,637,821)	2,450,027	4,226,872	17,624,811
17,419,819	5,770,262	38,498,686	106,953,583
\$ 13,781,998	\$ 8,220,289	\$ 42,725,558	\$ 124,578,394

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Water and Sewer	
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,002,560	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	1,357,612	
Equity in Pooled Investments	4,071,758	
Accounts Receivable, Net	441,114	
Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Units	4,313 189,648	
Inventories - Materials and Supplies	68,143	
Prepaids	1,667	
Total Current Assets	11,136,815	
Non-Current Assets:		
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated		
Depreciation Where Applicable)	13,683,826	
Total Non-Current Assets	13,683,826	
Total Assets	24,820,641	
Deferred Outflow of Resources		
Unamortized Refunding Loss	359,116	
Pension Related	219,754	
OPEB Related	57,123	
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	635,993	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	25,456,634	
Liabilities	,	
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	401,315	
Retainage Payable	70,105	
Due to Other Funds	73,063	
Due to Constitutional Officers	53	
Due to Other Governments	153,833	
Deposits	111,465	
Bonds Payable	1,015,000	
Other Postemployment Benefits - Current Portion	16,703	
Net Pension Liability - HIS Current Portion	1,689	
Compensated Absences	82,954 1,926,180	
Total Current Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities:	1,920,180	
Compensated Absences	32,567	
Other Postemployment Benefits	259,320	
Bonds Payable Long-Term	7,765,000	
Net Pension Liability	661,829	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	8,718,716	
Total Liabilities	10,644,896	
Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Pension Related	16,383	
OPEB Related	21,504	
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	37,887	
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,262,942	
Restricted for:		
Debt Service	1,015,000	
Impact Fees	228,510	
Unrestricted	8,267,399	
Total Net Position	\$ 14,773,851	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Water and Sewer			
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 4,492,364			
Connection and Impact Fees	53,191			
Other Income	51,948			
Total Operating Revenues	4,597,503			
Operating Expenses				
Contractual Services	37,216			
Professional Services	962,270			
Salaries and Benefits	806,071			
Rentals and Leases	6,126			
Utilities	246,799			
Repairs and Maintenance	166,328			
Gas and Oil	7,543			
Depreciation	884,750			
Other Expenses	185,522			
(Total Operating Expenses)	3,302,625			
Operating Income	1,294,878			
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest Earnings	17,476			
Interest and Other Debt Service Costs	(244,356)			
Intergovernmental Revenues	189,647			
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(37,233)			
Income Before Transfers	1,257,645			
Transfers				
Transfers (out)	(65,119)			
Total Transfers	(65,119)			
Total Hallslets	(03,113)			
Change in Net Position	1,192,526			
Net Position, Beginning of Year	13,581,325			
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$ 14,773,851			

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Water and Sewer
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 4,557,590
Cash Payments to Vendors for Goods and Services	(1,191,762)
Cash Payments to Employees	(975,376)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	2,390,452
Non-Capital Financing Activities	
Transfers to Other Funds	(65,119)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Non-Capital	
Financing Activities	(65,119)
Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	(889,476)
Principal Payments on Bonds	(995,000)
Payment of Interest	(199,466)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related	
Financing Activities	(2,083,942)
Investing Activities	
Interest Received	17,476
Purchase of Investments	(12,873)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	4,603
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	245,994
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	6,114,178
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 6,360,172
Reported in Statement of Net Position as	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,002,560
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	1,357,612
Total	\$ 6,360,172

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		iter and Sewer
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net		
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,294,878
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss)		
to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating		
Activities:		
Depreciation		884,750
Changes in Assets - Decrease (Increase):		
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable		(70,302)
Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Funds		(886)
Decrease (Increase) in Inventory		(5,217)
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expense		(1,667)
Decrease (Increase) in Deferred Outflows		(47,595)
Changes in Liabilities - Increase (Decrease):		
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		116,918
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments		153,833
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		41,507
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Constitutional Officers		(24)
Increase (Decrease) in Deposits		(10,232)
Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability		45,702
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		69,841
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows		(35,133)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		(45,921)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	2,390,452

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	 SAISSA
Assets	
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 92,532
Due from Constitutional Officers	1,519
Total Assets	94,051
Total Assets	 94,031
Liabilities	
Due to Bond Holders	94,051
Total Liabilities	\$ 94,051



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed by the Nassau County Board of County Commissioners (the Board) are described below to enhance the usefulness of the fund financial statements to the reader.

Reporting Entity

Nassau County (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is composed of an elected Board of County Commissioners and elected Constitutional Officers, who are governed by federal and state statutes, regulations, and County ordinances. The Board is operated as a separate County agency in accordance with applicable provisions of Florida Statutes. The Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court is the clerk and accountant of the Board in accordance with the provisions of Section 125.17, Florida Statutes.

The Nassau County Housing Finance Authority (NCHFA) is a dependent special district, which functions for the benefit of the citizens of the County and is considered a blended component unit of the County. The NCHFA had no revenues or expenditures during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. In addition, the NCHFA did not issue any bonds during the audit period, nor were there any bonds outstanding at year-end. Therefore, financial statements were not prepared for NCHFA and, accordingly, no financial data for NCHFA is presented in these financial statements.

The Recreation and Water Conservation and Control District No. 1 (RWCCD) is a dependent special district, which functions for the benefit of the citizens of the County and is considered a blended component unit of the County. The RWCCD had no revenues or expenditures during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. In addition, the RWCCD did not issue any bonds during the audit period, nor were there any bonds outstanding at year-end. Therefore, financial statements were not prepared for RWCCD and, accordingly, no financial data for RWCCD is presented in these financial statements.

The Board is an integral part of the County, which is the primary government for financial reporting purposes.

Basis of Presentation

The Board's financial statements are special-purpose financial statement which have been prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida (the Rules). These special-purpose financial statements are the fund financial statements required by generally accepted accounting principles.

However, these fund statements do not constitute a complete presentation because, in conformity with the Rules, the Board has not presented the government-wide financial statements, reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements, or management's discussion and analysis. Also, certain notes to the financial statements may supplement rather than duplicate the notes included in the County-wide financial statements.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Board are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances or net position, as appropriate, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds, based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The following funds are used by the Board:

■ Governmental Funds

Major Governmental Funds

- ► The **General Fund**—is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Board, which are not properly accounted for in other funds.
- ► The County Transportation Trust Fund—is used to account for the operation of the Road and Bridge Department. Financing is provided principally by ad valorem taxes and the County's share of State gasoline taxes.
- ► The **Municipal Services Fund**—is used to account for activities benefiting only the unincorporated areas of the County. Financing is provided principally by ad valorem taxes, the half-cent sales tax, and State Revenue Sharing.
- ► The Capital Projects Transportation Fund—is used to account for all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major transportation-related capital facilities and/or projects. Funding is provided from a variety of funding sources.
- ► The Comprehensive Impact Fee Ordinance Fund—is used to account for the district's expenditures associated with capital expansions. Funding is provided from impact fees on new construction.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

- ▶ **Special Revenue Funds**—are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources other than major capital projects or to finance specified activities as required by law.
- ▶ **Debt Service Funds**—are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, interest, principal, and related costs on general long-term debt.
- ➤ Capital Projects Funds—are used to account for all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

■ Major Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds—are used to account for operations either: (1) that are financed and operated
in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Board is that the costs
(expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a
continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (2) where the Board
has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net
income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability,
or other purposes.

▶ Water and Sewer Fund - The water and sewer fund accounts for water and wastewater services provided to approximately 3,300 customers on 4,800 acres located entirely in the County, situated north of the Duval County line and south of the City of Fernandina Beach.

Fiduciary Fund

The Agency Fund—SAISSA is used to account for assets held by the Board as agent for the South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization Association representing property owners within the geographical boundaries of the South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization Municipal Service Benefit Unit.

Measurement Focus

- Governmental Funds—general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds are accounted for on a "current financial resources" measurement focus. This means that only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. Accordingly, the reported fund balances (assets plus deferred outflows, less liabilities, less deferred inflows) are considered a measure of available, spendable, or appropriable resources. Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balances.
- **Proprietary Funds**—the enterprise funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included on their statement of net position, and the reported net position (total reported assets plus deferred outflows, less total reported liabilities, less deferred inflows) provide an indication of the economic net worth of the funds. The operating statements for the proprietary funds report increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges for services. Operating expenses include cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

■ **Fiduciary Funds**—agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the fund financial statements. In addition, basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Board considers revenues to be "available" if they are collected within sixty days after year-end.

Primary revenues, including special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, rents, and interest are treated as susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis. Other revenue sources are not considered measurable and available, and are not treated as susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are generally recognized under the accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and other postemployment benefits, are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents are considered cash in bank, demand deposits, and short-term investments with maturities of less than three months.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the enterprise funds consider all highly liquid investments, including restricted assets, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Deposits and Investments

As authorized in Florida Statute 218.415, the Board has adopted a written investment policy which governs authorized investments. A description of the authorized investments is detailed in Note 2.

All investments are stated at fair value. Investment fair values are based on quoted market prices. Investments in mutual funds and Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, which are external investment pools, are stated at share price which is substantially the same as fair value.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are reported net of the allowance for uncollectibles on the balance sheet-governmental funds and statement of net position - proprietary funds. The allowances for uncollectible accounts receivables are based upon aging schedules and the related collection experiences of such receivables.

Interfund Balances

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories, consisting principally of expendable items held for consumption, are determined by physical count and are stated at cost based on the average-cost method. The costs of inventories in governmental fund types are recorded as expenditures when consumed; therefore, the inventory asset amount is not available for appropriation.

Prepaid items are certain payments to vendors and the Constitutional Officers that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in fund financial statements. The costs of prepaid items in the governmental fund types are recorded as expenditures when consumed.

On the governmental funds balance sheet, the prepaid and inventory balances reported are offset by a non-spendable fund balance classification which indicated these balances do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

Unamortized Refunding Loss

Losses resulting from the refunding of debt are reported as deferred outflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the refunded debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is reported in five components – non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned:

- Non-Spendable—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that cannot be spent because: (a) they are not expected to be converted to cash, or (b) they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund.
- Restricted—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained either: (a) externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (e.g., ordinance) of the organization's governing authority (the Board). These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (e.g., ordinance) employed to constrain those amounts.
- Assigned—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by a less-thanformal action of the organization's governing authority, or by an individual or body to whom the governing authority has delegated this responsibility. In addition, residual balances in capital projects and debt service funds are considered assigned for the general purpose of the respective fund.
- Unassigned—This classification is used for: (a) negative unrestricted fund balances in any governmental fund, or (b) fund balances within the general fund that are not restricted, committed, or assigned.
- Flow Assumption—When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use in any governmental fund, it is the Board's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as needed.

Net Position

Net position of the proprietary funds are made up of three components. *Net investment in capital assets* represents net capital assets less related long-term liabilities, where unspent debt proceeds increase this amount. *Restricted net position* represent assets that are legally restricted for specific purposes. They include bond sinking and reserve funds; special revenues restricted by statute, ordinance, and bond proceeds; and other sources restricted for capital projects or improvements. The balance of net position is considered *unrestricted net position*.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources in the general fund and the water and sewer enterprise fund are set-aside for payment of the landfill post-closure and monitoring costs, capital reserves, renewal and replacement, and the utility system. These resources are classified as restricted cash and investments on the balance sheet-governmental funds and statement of net position - proprietary funds because their use is limited. All cash and investments classified as restricted are the result of various bond indenture or other legal requirements. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the Board's practice is to use the restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Funds

Purchases of capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when the assets are acquired. At year-end, the assets are capitalized at cost by the Board in the statement of net position as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

The capital assets used in the operations of the Board, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, and Supervisor of Elections, are accounted for by the Board because the Board holds legal title and is accountable for them under Florida law. In accordance with Florida Statutes, the Board also holds title and maintains all land and buildings used by the Sheriff.

The Sheriff, pursuant to Chapter 274, Florida Statutes, is accountable for, and thus maintains, capital asset records pertaining to equipment used in operations; therefore, those assets are not presented in these fund financial statements.

The Board capitalizes all capital assets which have a cost of \$750 or more and a useful life in excess of one year with the following exceptions:

Capital Asset Category	Capitalization Threshold
Buildings	\$25,000
Building Improvements	Greater of \$25,000 or 10% of Original Value
Improvements to Land Other than Buildings	\$10,000
Land	All
Easements or Right-of-Way	\$10,000
Infrastructure:	
Roads	\$250,000
Subdivisions	\$250,000
Bridges	\$50,000
Sidewalks	\$10,000
Street Lighting System	\$25,000
Drainage Systems	\$50,000
Additions or Improvements to Infrastructure	Greater of \$100,000 or 10% of Original Cost

Such assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Infrastructure15-40 YearsMachinery and Equipment5-20 YearsComputer Equipment2-5 Years

Governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Proprietary Enterprise Funds

Property and equipment purchased by the enterprise funds are capitalized by those funds. Depreciation on such assets is charged as an expense against each fund's operations. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 15-40 Years Equipment 3-20 Years

Capitalization of Interest Costs

When applicable, the Board capitalizes interest costs related to construction of capital assets. For fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, no interest was capitalized.

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources reported on applicable governmental fund types represent revenues which are measurable but not available in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. The deferred inflows will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned or become available. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows have a positive effect on net position, similar to assets.

Compensated Absences

Annual, sick, bonus, and compensatory leave amounts accumulate and vest in accordance with the policies of the Board and negotiated union contracts. Provisions of these policies and the union contracts specify how benefits are earned, accumulate, and when and to what extent they vest.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity of generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The Board allows retirees and their dependents to remain covered under the County's respective medical and insurance plans as required by Florida Statutes. The Board also provides a direct subsidy to retirees based on the number of years of service. The financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with OPEB, include the recognition and measurement of liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses. These liabilities are only recorded in the government-wide full accrual statements, and in the Board's enterprise funds. Further details of the net OPEB liability, annual OPEB expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

Retirement Plans

The Board participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan administered by the Florida Division of Retirement. As a participating employer, the Board implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which requires employers participating in cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans to report the employers' proportionate share of the net pension liabilities and related pension amounts of the defined benefit pension plans. These liabilities are only recorded in the government-wide full accrual financial statements, and in the Board's enterprise fund. Further details of the FRS Plan net position liability, annual pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

Property Taxes

Real property and tangible personal property are assessed by the Property Appraiser according to the property's just value on January 1st of each year. Section 200.071, Florida Statutes, authorizes the Board to levy ad valorem tax millage against real property and tangible personal property for the County, including dependent districts, not to exceed 10 mills, except for voted levies. The Board shall determine the amount of millage to be levied and shall certify such millage to the Property Appraiser. For the year ended September 30, 2020, the Board levied 7.4278 mills. An additional 2.3093 mills and 0.1021 mills were levied for the benefit of the Nassau County Municipal Services Taxing Unit and the Amelia Island Beach Renourishment MSTU, respectively.

Property taxes are due and payable on March 31 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment rolls are charged to the Tax Collector by the Property Appraiser. Taxes on real property may be prepaid in four quarterly installments beginning not later than June 30 of the year in which assessed. Discounts are allowed for payment of property taxes before March 1. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which the taxes were assessed.

The Tax Collector collects taxes for the various taxing entities, including the Board. Delinquent taxes on real property are collected by selling tax certificates to individuals. If a tax certificate is not sold, the tax certificate is struck to the County. Attempts to collect delinquent taxes on tangible personal property are done by the issuance of warrants for the seizure and sale of such tangible personal property. Key dates in the property tax cycle (latest date where appropriate) are as follows:

January 1 Property Just Value Established for Assessment of Taxes.

July 1 Assessment Roll Certified, Unless Extension Granted by the

Florida Department of Revenue.

93 Days Later Millage Resolution Approved and Taxes Levied Thereafter

as Tax Collector Received Tax Roll.

30 Days Thereafter Property Taxes Become Due and Payable (Maximum Discount).

April 1 Taxes Become Delinquent.

Prior to June 1 Tax Certificates Sold.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

Deposits with Financial Institutions

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Board's deposits with financial institutions was \$24,852,354 and the bank balances were \$26,473,591. All of the Board's deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to the provisions of Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, the *Florida Security for Public Deposits Act*. Qualified public depositories are required by this law to pledge collateral with a market value equal to a percentage of the average daily balance of all public deposits in excess of any federal deposit insurance. In event of default by a qualified public depository, all claims for public deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default, and if necessary a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool. Therefore, all cash and time deposits held by banks are fully insured and collateralized.

Investments

The Board's investment practices are governed by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and County Ordinance 95-144. Authorized investments include the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (the State Pool) or similar intergovernmental investment pools, money market funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories as defined in Section 280.02, Florida Statutes, direct obligations of the United States Treasury, federal agencies and instrumentalities, securities of, or interests in, any open-end or closedend management-type investment company or investment trust, or other investments authorized by law or ordinance of the County.

Interest and investment earnings are generally allocated to the various funds based upon each fund's equity balance in the pooled cash or the investment accounts.

The following items discuss the Board's exposure to various risks of their investment portfolio.

- Interest Rate Risk—The risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Board has a formal investment policy for operating surplus funds that limits investment maturities to twelve months as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates. Investments of bond reserves, construction funds, and other non-operating funds shall have a term appropriate to the need for funds and in accordance with debt covenants. The maturities of the underlying securities of a repurchase agreement will follow the requirements of a Master Repurchase Agreement in form approved by the Public Securities Association.
- Custodial Credit Risk—For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The certificates of deposit are held in qualified public depositories or at levels below FDIC insurance thresholds.

In accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-701, *Florida Administrative Code*, the Board has established escrow accounts to provide proof of financial responsibility for the post-closure costs associated with the Old West Nassau and New West Nassau Landfills. The amounts in these escrow accounts are determined by engineering studies as required by the above rule, and are reported as cash and cash equivalents - restricted.

The following are details of the cash and investments held by the Board at year-end:

	Fair
Description	<u>Value</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 24,852,335
Florida Local Government Investment Trust	12,363,235
Certificates of Deposit	48,461,154
Money Market Accounts	50,334,870
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 136,011,594</u>

Reported in accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Governmental Funds			Proprietary	Agency		
				Fund	Fund	_	Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	17,669,620	\$	5,002,560	\$ 92,532	\$	22,764,712
Equity in Pooled Investments		107,087,501		4,071,758	-		111,159,259
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	_	730,011	_	1,357,612	 		2,087,623
Total Cash and Investments	\$	125,487,132	\$	10,431,930	\$ 92,532	\$	136,011,594

Note 3 - Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable (net of allowances for uncollectibles) at September 30, 2020, included the following:

	R	eceivable	 Allowance	 Net
Governmental Funds				
General Fund	\$	2,929,602	\$ (2,160,936)	\$ 768,666
County Transportation		40	-	40
Municipal Services		17,785	-	17,785
Non-Major		25,058	 	 25,058
Total Governmental Funds	\$	2,972,485	\$ (2,160,936)	\$ 811,549
	R	eceivable	 Allowance	 Net
Business-Type Funds				
Water and Sewer	\$	445,964	\$ <u>(4,850</u>)	\$ 441,114

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund and the proprietary funds at September 30, 2020, represent monies required to be restricted for landfill post-closure costs, debt service and construction under terms of outstanding bond agreements and impact fees restricted to water and sewer system uses. Assets are also restricted in accordance with ordinances and Florida Statutes. Restricted assets for the general fund and the proprietary funds at September 30, 2020, were restricted for the following purposes:

Customer Deposits	\$ 114,103
Landfill Post-Closure Costs	730,011
Impact Fees (Water/Sewer)	228,510
Debt Service	 1,015,000
Total	\$ 2,087,624

Reported in accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Reported
Account	 Amount
Current: Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - General	\$ 730,011
Current: Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Business-Type Activities	 1,357,613
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 2,087,624

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital assets of the governmental funds are not recorded on the accompanying financial statements; however, they will be recorded on the County-wide financial statements. The capital assets of the proprietary funds are recorded on the statement of net position.

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	10/1/19	Increases	(Decreases)	9/30/20
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 77,923,825	\$ 2,628,891	\$ -	\$ 80,552,716
Construction Work in Progress	3,159,082	7,523,828	(77,360)	10,605,550
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	81,082,907	10,152,719	(77,360)	91,158,266
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Building and Improvements	73,471,370	369,735	(23,495)	73,817,610
Machinery and Equipment	34,783,579	5,380,966	(1,672,721)	38,491,824
Improvements other than Buildings	969,823	23,900	-	993,723
Leasehold Improvements	1,040,516	-	-	1,040,516
Infrastructure	635,360,635	372,540	(45)	635,733,130
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	745,625,923	6,147,141	(1,696,261)	750,076,803
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(29,200,021)	(1,907,670)	19,591	(31,088,100)
Machinery and Equipment	(22,541,820)	(3,001,391)	1,604,469	(23,938,742)
Leasehold Improvements	(353,902)	(71,974)	-	(425,876)
Infrastructure	(370,182,712)	(16,536,713)		(386,719,425)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(422,278,455)	(21,517,748)	1,624,060	(442,172,143)
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	323,347,468	(15,370,607)	(72,201)	307,904,660
Total Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 404,430,375	\$ (5,217,888)	\$ (149,561)	\$ 399,062,926
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 167,966	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 167,966
Construction Work in Progress	181,153	37,131	-	218,284
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	349,119	37,131		386,250
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Building and Improvements	754,865	_	_	754,865
Equipment	23,640,579	852,344	(1.406)	24,491,517
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	24,395,444	852,344	(1,406)	25,246,382
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Building and Improvements	(288,651)	(19,838)	_	(308,489)
Equipment	(10,776,812)			(11,640,317)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(11,065,463)			(11,948,806)
Total Capital Assets, Being		(== :,: :5)		
Depreciated, Net	13,329,981	(32,405)	-	13,297,576
Total Business-Type Activities			·	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 13,679,100	\$ 4,726	<u>\$</u>	\$ 13,683,826

Note 6 - Interfund Activity

Interfund balances at September 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Total
General	County Transportation	\$ 228,915
General	Municipal Service	485,751
General	Water and Sewer	73,063
General	Non-Major	106,010
County Transportation	Non-Major	613
County Transportation	General Fund	22,914
Municipal Service	General Fund	36,981
Water and Sewer	General Fund	4,313
Non-Major	General Fund	8,014
Non-Major	Non-Major	2,543
Total		\$ 969,117

The purpose for each of these interfund receivables and payables is to provide temporary loans for cash flow needs, primarily associated with reimbursable grant programs. In addition to the interfund balances, there was also \$2,365,825 due from the Constitutional Officers, and \$110,943 due to the Constitutional Officers.

Interfund transfers:

	 Transfers In										
	Cou			county Capital			Capital				
			Trans-	N	1unicipal		Project				
Transfers Out	 General	_	portation		Services	T	ransportation	_	Non-Major		Totals
General	\$ -	\$	1,940,050	\$	2,085,132	\$	600,000	\$	5,917,702	\$	10,542,884
County Transportation	-		-		-		2,190,500		29,896		2,220,396
Municipal Services	85,470		-		-		-		-		85,470
Non-Major	266,452		-		-		-		-		266,452
Water and Sewer	 65,119	_	<u>-</u>	_			<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		65,119
Total	\$ 417,041	\$	1,940,050	\$	2,085,132	\$	2,790,500	\$	5,947,598	\$	13,180,321

In addition to the interfund transfers, there were transfers out to the Constitutional Officers of \$40,965,302 and transfers in from the Constitutional Officers of \$2,785,611.

The purposes for these interfund transfers include transfers to: (a) Constitutional Officers; (b) match for special revenue grant requirements; (c) other funds based on budgetary requirements; and (d) funds that are required by statute or budgetary authority to expend revenues from another fund that by statute or budgetary authority must collect revenues.

Note 7 - Leases

Governmental Funds

The Board is party to operating leases during the period ended September 30, 2020, as follows:

- Tower Site (14th Street)—the Board entered into a five-year lease with Pinnacle Towers, LLC, commencing April 1, 2006. The lease has three automatic (unless 90 days' notice is given) renewal terms of 60 months each. The lease automatically renewed for an additional five-years, which has an effective date of April 2016. Operating lease payments for the year ended September 30, 2020, were \$34,194.
- Two *Tower Sites (Hilliard and Dahoma)*—the Board entered into five year lease with American Tower Asset Sub, LLC, commencing May 2016. Operating lease payments for the year ended September 30, 2020, were \$66,650.
- West Nassau Land Development—the Board entered into a five-year lease with West Nassau Land Development, LLC, commencing July 1, 2015. The lease was renewed effective July 1, 2020 for an additional five years, with an expiration date of June 30, 2025. Operating lease payments for the year ended September 30, 2020, were \$81,330.

Future minimum lease payments under these leases follow:

	Tower			West Nassau	
Year Ending	Lease			Land	
September 30,	Sites			Development	 Totals
2021	\$	35,562	\$	81,897	\$ 117,459
2022		36,984		82,482	119,466
2023		38,463		83,085	121,548
2024		40,002		83,705	123,707
2025		41,602		63,136	 104,738
Total	\$	192,613	\$	394,305	\$ 586,918

Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is not recorded in the governmental funds on the accompanying financial statements; however, it will be recorded on the County-wide financial statements. Long-term debt is recorded in the proprietary funds.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2020:

	Balance 10/1/19	Additions	F	Reductions	Balance 9/30/20	_	ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities							
Bonds Payable	\$ 25,418,636	\$ -	\$	(1,989,312)	\$ 23,429,324	\$	1,656,125
Premium on Bonds Payable	890,980	<u> </u>		(74,249)	816,731		74,428
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	26,309,616	<u> </u>		(2,063,561)	24,246,055		1,730,553
Compensated Absences	5,889,409	2,905,599		(2,474,305)	6,320,703		1,822,509
Other Postemployment Benefits	11,213,799	1,449,988		-	12,663,787		548,286
Landfill Post-Closure	13,501,886	2,835,405		-	16,337,291		729,291
Net Pension Liability	39,298,610	11,762,092			51,060,702		129,972
Total Governmental Activities							
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 96,213,320	\$ 18,953,084	\$	(4,537,866)	\$ 110,628,538	\$	4,960,611
Business-type Activities							
Bonds Payable							
(Direct Placement)	\$ 9,775,000	\$ -	\$	(995,000)	\$ 8,780,000	\$	1,015,000
Compensated Absences	161,442	45,017		(90,938)	115,521		82,954
Other Postemployment Benefits	230,321	45,702		-	276,023		16,703
Net Pension Liability	 593,677	 69,841			663,518		1,689
Total Business-Type Activities							
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 10,760,440	\$ 160,560	\$	(1,085,938)	\$ 9,835,062	\$	1,116,346

Governmental Activities

The County's governmental activities related bonds were offered for sale through a public offering and were not a direct borrowing or direct placements. A brief synopsis of long-term debt existing at September 30, 2020, follows:

2000 Optional Gas Tax Revenue Bonds

The Board, in September 2000, issued the Optional Gas Tax Revenue Bond in the amount of \$6,167,580. The proceeds of the bond issue are to pay the cost of acquisition and construction of certain transportation capital improvements in the County and to pay certain costs related to the issuance and sale of the Series 2000 Bonds. The 2000 Bonds are capital appreciation bonds; additional capital appreciation through September 30, 2020, totaled \$2,812,797.

The Series 2000 Bonds are special limited obligations of the County payable solely from and secured by a prior lien upon and pledge of the proceeds of the six-cent local option gas tax and until expended, the monies on deposit in certain funds and accounts created by resolution. Annual principal and interest on the bonds are expected to require approximately 48% of such tax revenue and are payable through 2025. Principal and interest payments for the current year totaled \$945,000 and gas tax revenues totaled \$1,971,302. At year-end, pledged future revenues totaled \$4,725,000, which was the amount of remaining principal and interest on the bonds. Other Board revenues are not available to finance this bond issue. In addition, the bondholders do not have any authority to compel the Board to increase ad valorem taxes for financing this bond issue. Such bonds, bearing interest at a rate between 5.55% to 5.81% per annum, are dated August 30, 2000, and are in denominations of \$5,000 each. A portion of such bonds mature annually starting March 1, 2010, with final maturity being March 1, 2025. The bonds have a required reserve of \$945,000, which is on hand at year-end.

Future principal and interest payments for this bond issue are as follows; capital appreciation amounts are included in future interest:

Year Ending			
September 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2021	\$ 296,125	\$ 648,875	\$ 945,000
2022	278,643	666,357	945,000
2023	262,086	682,914	945,000
2024	246,976	698,024	945,000
2025	232,697	 712,303	 945,000
Total	\$ 1.316.527	\$ 3,408,473	\$ 4,725,000

2007 Public Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds

The Board, in June 2007, issued the Public Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2007, in the amount of \$29,630,000. The purposes of the Series 2007 Bonds are to: (1) acquire and construct certain public improvements; (2) partially advance refund the Board's outstanding Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2001; and (3) pay certain issuance costs of the Series 2007 Bonds, including the municipal bond insurance premium.

The Series 2007 Bonds are special obligations of the Board payable solely from amounts budgeted and appropriated by the Board from non ad valorem tax revenues in accordance with the terms of the resolution. Annual principal and interest on the bonds are expected to require approximately 30% of such non ad valorem tax revenue and are payable through 2031. Principal and interest payments for the current year totaled \$2,324,750 and non ad valorem tax revenues totaled \$7,839,737. At year-end, pledged future revenues totaled \$25,557,500, which was the amount of remaining principal and interest on the bonds. Other Board revenues are not available to finance this bond issue.

In addition, the bondholders do not have any authority to compel the Board to increase ad valorem taxes for financing this bond issue. Such bonds, bearing interest rates between 4.0% and 5.0% per annum, are dated June 12, 2007, and are in denominations of \$5,000 each. A portion of such bonds mature annually beginning May 2008, with term maturities in May of 2023, 2025, 2027, and 2031.

Future principal and interest payments for this bond issue are as follows:

Year Ending						
September 30,	Principa	<u> </u>	Interest	Total		
2021	\$ 1,360,0	00 \$	965,000	\$	2,325,000	
2022	1,425,0	00	897,000		2,322,000	
2023	1,500,0	00	825,750		2,325,750	
2024	1,575,0	00	750,750		2,325,750	
2025	1,650,0	00	672,000		2,322,000	
2026-2030	9,575,0	00	2,036,250		11,611,250	
2031-2035	2,215,0	<u>00</u>	110,750		2,325,750	
Total	<u>\$ 19,300,0</u>	<u>00 \$ </u>	6,257,500	\$	25,557,500	

Compensated Absences—are not recorded on the accompanying governmental fund financial statements; however, it will be recorded on the County-wide financial statements. Following is a summary of annual sick, bonus, and compensatory leave benefits liabilities at September 30, 2020:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	(Deletions)	Balance
Vacation Leave	\$ 2,194,833	\$ 1,281,481	\$ (1,087,716) \$	2,388,598
Paid Time Off	503,555	758,451	(582,662)	679,344
Sick Leave	3,166,707	816,869	(755,156)	3,228,420
Bonus Leave	17,550	41,860	(37,389)	22,021
Compensatory Leave	6,764	6,938	(11,382)	2,320
Total	\$ 5.889.409	\$ 2,905,599	\$ (2,474,305) \$	6.320.703

Business-Type Activities

Advance Refunding—On April 9, 2013, the Board issued through a direct replacement a \$15,650,000 Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bond Series 2013 with a fixed interest rate of 2.150%. The net proceeds from the closing were used to refund \$15,550,000 in principal amount of the Board's outstanding Revenue Note, Series 2003, and to pay the issuance costs of the Series 2013 Bond.

The revenue bond is secured by a pledge of and is payable solely from pledged revenues, which primarily consist of net revenues and impact fees which derive from the System. Annual principal and interest on the bond is expected to require approximately 61% of such revenue and are payable through 2028. Principal and interest payments for the current year totaled \$1,194,466, and revenues totaled \$2,136,825. At year-end, pledged future revenues totaled \$9,556,150, which was the amount of remaining principal and interest on the bond. The Series 2013 Bond shall not be or constitute a general obligation or indebtedness of the County.

Rate Covenant

The Board has covenanted to establish and collect fees from users of the Water and Sewer System (gross revenues of the System, as defined in the bond ordinance) sufficient to pay the costs of operation and maintenance of the System (as defined in the bond ordinance) plus 120% of the bond service requirements for that year. The Board met the 120% requirement and, therefore, is in compliance with the rate covenant at year-end.

Future principal and interest payments for this bond issue are as follows:

Year Ending					
September 30,	Principal Interest		<u>Total</u>		
2021	\$	1,015,000	\$ 177,859	\$	1,192,859
2022		1,040,000	155,767		1,195,767
2023		1,065,000	133,139		1,198,139
2024		1,085,000	110,026		1,195,026
2025		1,105,000	86,484		1,191,484
2026-2030		3,470,000	 112,875		3,582,875
Total	\$	8,780,000	\$ 776,150	\$	9,556,150

Compensated Absences—following is a summary of annual, sick, and bonus leave benefits liabilities at September 30, 2020, for the proprietary funds:

	Beginning							Ending		
	<u></u> !	Balance		Balance Additions		Additions	(Deletions)		Balance	
Vacation Leave	\$	37,098	\$	22,633	\$	(29,276)	\$	30,455		
Paid Time Off		2,672		-		(2,672)		-		
Sick Leave		120,484		20,035		(56,969)		83,550		
Bonus Leave		1,188		2,348		(2,020)		1,516		
Total	\$	161,442	\$	45,016	\$	(90,937)	\$	115,521		

Note 9 - Bond Arbitrage Rebate

The Board engaged an independent certified public accounting firm to compute the aggregate arbitrage rebate amount in accordance with the requirements of Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for the following bond issues:

- \$29,630,000 Nassau County, Florida, Public Improvement Revenue and Refunding, Series 2007.
- \$19,160,000 Nassau County, Florida, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013.
- \$11,169,000 Nassau County, Florida, SAISSA Renourishment Bond, Series 2011.

The payment of arbitrage rebate is made sixty days after five years from the date of issuance of the bonds. Based on their calculations, the independent certified public accounting firm had determined that there is no rebate liability for the bond issues noted above.

Note 10 - Landfill Post-Closure Care Costs

State and federal laws require the Board to fund landfill post-closure care costs once a landfill site stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for twenty years if the landfill stopped receiving waste before October 9, 1993, and thirty years if the landfill stopped receiving waste after October 9, 1993. The Board has three landfills that stopped receiving waste before October 9, 1993, and one that stopped receiving waste after October 9, 1993. The Board does not currently operate an open landfill.

For the closed landfills, actual post-closure care cost incurred for each year is reported as a reduction of the post-closure liability, along with the change in required escrow balance until the required twenty-orthirty-year post-closure care period is satisfied. The Board has accrued a total of \$16,337,291 for post-closure care cost at September 30, 2020, for the two closed landfills. The liability is based on engineering estimates of annual post-closure care cost.

These post-closure care costs are based on estimates of what it would cost to perform all post-closure care using 2020 dollars. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The Board is required by state law to deposit into the escrow accounts, at the time of closing and each year thereafter, sufficient funds to cover the following year's long-term care costs. In addition, the Board must document specifically how it intends to finance the long-term care of the landfill as part of its closure plan. The Board is in compliance with these requirements with escrow balances that exceed the amounts required by state law (amounts required by state law are \$729,291 as of September 30, 2020). At September 30, 2020, the actual escrow balances are as follows:

Landfills

Old West Nassau Post-Closure	\$ 43,681
New West Nassau Post-Closure	 686,331
Total Escrow Balances	\$ 730,012

Note 11 - Retirement Plans

General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

The Board participates in two defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The plans provide retirement, disability, or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. That report is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under Sections 121.053 or 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a state administered retirement system must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings.

The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

<u>Contributions</u>. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2019-2020 fiscal year were as follows:

	Year Ended	June 30, 2021	Year Ended June 30, 2020			
	Percent of	Gross Salary	Percent of	Gross Salary		
Class	Employee	Employer (2)	Employee	Employer (2)		
FRS, Regular	3.00	10.00	3.00	8.47		
FRS, Special Risk Class	3.00	24.45	3.00	25.48		
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	49.18	3.00	48.82		
FRS, Senior Management Service	3.00	27.29	3.00	25.41		
DROP - Applicable to Members						
from All of the Above Classes	0.00	16.98	0.00	14.60		
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)		

Notes: (1) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed. (2) These rates include the contribution for Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy of 1.66% and the fee of 0.06% for administration fo the FRS Investment Plan.

The Board's contributions (employer) to the Plan totaled \$3,431,378 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. This excludes the HIS defined benefit pension plan contributions.

<u>Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense</u>. At September 30, 2020, the Board's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability was \$43,604,916. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Board's contributions during the FRS Pension Plan's fiscal year relative to the contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2020, the Board's proportion was 0.100607831%, which was an increase of 0.004784134% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

Further details of the FRS Plan net position liability, annual pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Division of Retirement within the Florida Department of Management Services.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u>. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. Contribution rates during the County's fiscal years 2020 and 2019 were 1.66%. The Board contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The Board's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$390,586 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

<u>Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense</u>. At September 30, 2020, the Board's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability was \$8,119,304. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Board's contributions during the HIS Pension Plan's fiscal year relative to the contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2020, the Board's proportion was 0.066498051%, which was an increase of 0.004902376% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

FRS - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Board contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA, and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Board employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment members' accounts during the 2019-20 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of Gross Salary				
Class	Employee	<u>Employer</u>			
FRS, Regular	3.00	3.30			
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	8.34			
FRS, Senior Management					
Service	3.00	4.67			
FRS, Special Risk Class	3.11	11.00			

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Board.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The Board's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$411,600 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

Note 12 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The Board, in accordance with Section 112.215, Florida Statutes, maintains a deferred compensation plan pursuant to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees of the Board, permits such employees to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation plan amount is not available for withdrawal by employee participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency of such participants.

The Board has contracted with a third party for the establishment of custodial accounts to administer these funds for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The Board has no administrative involvement, and does not perform the investing function for this plan.

Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to the Nassau County Personnel, Policies and Procedures Manual, the Board allows retired employees and their spouses to remain members of the Board's health insurance program. The Board pays a percentage of the single premium for former employees until age sixty-five that retire under the terms and conditions of the System as follows:

Years of Service With Nassau County	Hired Before 10/1/06	Hired on or After 10/1/06
At Least 6	100%	0%
15 Years	100%	50%
20 Years	100%	65%
25 Years	100%	80%
30 or More Years	100%	100%

As of most recent actuarial date, there are 298 active employees and 62 retired employees participating in the plan. The Board's Net OPEB obligation totaled \$12,939,810, of which \$276,023 has been recorded in the Proprietary funds. The remainder has been included in long-term debt of the County as a whole. Details of the annual cost, the accrued obligation, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

Note 14 - Fund Balance Classification and Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The following is a summary of the Board's fund balance classifications and the purpose of each as of September 30, 2020:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance		
Prepaid Expenses	\$	3,367,053
Inventory	<u></u>	559,334
Total Non-Spendable Fund Balance		3.926.387

Restricted Fund Balance		
General Government	\$	192,076
General Government – Court-Related	Ą	2,096,552
Crime Prevention		151,369
Economic Development		54,259
Other Human Services		
		679,505
Developer Agreements		5,000
Physical Environment		1,852,248
Law Enforcement		635,514
Impact Fees		13,035,106
Law Library		108,882
Public Safety		661,686
Other Culture/Recreation		190,778
State Housing Initiative Program		553,005
Criminal Justice		119,303
Tourist Development		9,574,492
Building Department		6,035,423
Debt Services – Bonds		1,496,325
Capital Projects – Transportation		9,387,671
Total Restricted Fund Balance		46,829,194
Committed Fund Balance		
General Government		771,677
Culture/Recreation		-
Physical Environment		108,715
Public Safety		5,525,494
Economic Environment		150,000
Human Services		708,883
Transportation		13,781,998
Total Committed Fund Balance		21,046,767
Assigned Fund Balance		
General Government		319,507
Public Safety		10,470,204
Law Enforcement		117,569
Economic Development		349,798
Transportation		2,249,136
Human Services		837,711
Culture and Recreation		470,419
Court-Related		547,400
Physical Environment		
·		394,830 14 847 117
Reserves - Capital Projects Minimum Fund Balance		14,847,117
Minimum Fund Balance		15,000,692
Total Assigned Fund Balance		45,604,383
Unassigned Fund Balance		7,171,663
Total	<u>\$</u>	124,578,394

Minimum Fund Balance Reserve Policy

The County has adopted a policy that requires a reserve for minimum fund balance be budgeted at a target level equal to two months of County-wide operating expenditures as reported in the previous year's audited financial statements for the General Fund, County Transportation Fund, and Municipal Services Fund. The purpose of the minimum fund balance is to protect the County against potential financial risk, ensure cash flow prior to receipt of budgeted revenue for use in the event of a disaster or emergency, and to protect the County's credit rating.

Note 15 - Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to legal liability; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; accidental death and dismemberment; and on the job injury to employees. Many of these risks are transferred through the purchase of various insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

The financial liability of the Board is limited to premiums paid and losses exceeding or not covered by insurance. The premiums are paid from various funds based on coverage required.

There has been no reduction in insurance coverages from the previous year.

Note 16 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Board is a party to a number of lawsuits and claims arising out of the normal conduct of its activities. While the results of these lawsuits and claims against the Board cannot be predicted with certainty, management does not expect that these matters will have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Board.

The following is a summary of major commitments of the Board and contracts in progress as of September 30, 2020:

	Source of		Paid to	Co	ommitment	
Project	Payment	Date		F	Remaining	
Fire Station 71	Current Available Resources	\$	1,296,534	\$	1,907,183	
Design Services – Pratt Siding Rd	Current Available Resources		27,621		244,961	
Engineering Services – Henry Smith Rd	Current Available Resources		235,497		49,494	
Design Services – William Burgess Ext	Current Available Resources		593,536		196,699	
Page Dairy/Chester Road Project	Current Available Resources		1,761		111,771	
Chester Road Resurfacing	Current Available Resources		246,022		1,059,175	
CR 115 Widening and Resurfacing	Current Available Resources		3,650,123		3,764,833	
CR 115 Widening and Resurfacing – Design Svs	Current Available Resources		787,151		212,635	
Animal Services Cattery Expansion	Current Available Resources		179,656		47,994	
Total		\$	7,017,901	\$	7,594,745	

Note 17 - Conduit Debt Obligations

The Board has issued several series of industrial revenue bonds to furnish financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities considered to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities will transfer to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the Board, the County, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of September 30, 2020, there was one series of such bonds outstanding with a principal amount payable of \$9,280,000. The issue amount and the September 30, 2020, outstanding balance is as follows:

Original		9/30/20	
 Issuance	Year	Balance	Description
\$ 11,150,000	2008	\$ 9,280,000	AICC, Inc. and Nassau Care Centers—70
			Bed Care Intermediate Care and Day
			Program Service Facilities

Note 18 - Tax Abatement

Pursuant to Section 125.045 Florida Statutes and Nassau County Ordinance 2012-32, the Economic Development Grant (EDG) incentive is available for companies with the goal to facilitate the development of capital investment and high-wage jobs in Nassau County. The incentives in the tiered program include a specified grant on the Board-only portion of their ad valorem taxes for a specified period of time after meeting or exceeding a specified number/wage level of new jobs, and/or new capital investment in Nassau County. As of September 30, 2020, the only existing EDG agreement potentially material in size (fiscal year abatement >\$300,000) was with LignoTech Florida, LLC. However, as of September 30, 2020 LignoTech has not met the requirements to receive a tax abatement.



NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

								ariance With inal Budget
		Budgeted A	Amo			Actual		Positive
Devenues		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues Taxes	\$	72 602 740	۲	72 602 740	۲	71 050 112	\$	/72E 62E\
Licenses and Permits	Ş	72,683,748	\$	72,683,748	\$	71,958,113	Ş	(725,635)
		36,701		56,480		78,379		21,899
Intergovernmental Revenues		7,858,243		12,823,568		14,690,277		1,866,709
Charges for Services		1,990,197		1,979,559		2,042,424		62,865
Fines and Forfeitures		45,230		46,030		26,549		(19,481)
Interest Earnings		115,000		115,000		966,299		851,299
Miscellaneous		112,544		190,494		326,725		136,231
Total Revenues	-	82,841,663		87,894,879		90,088,766		2,193,887
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government Services		9,733,342		10,014,531		8,605,811		1,408,720
Public Safety		14,555,429		17,701,021		15,038,442		2,662,579
Physical Environment		2,344,982		2,379,814		1,959,039		420,775
Transportation		-		4,007		29		3,978
Economic Environment		214,761		590,419		186,362		404,057
Human Services		2,982,560		4,073,400		3,947,258		126,142
Culture and Recreation		2,415,575		2,450,864		1,990,892		459,972
Court-Related Expenditures		1,089,688		1,447,796		770,868		676,928
Capital Outlay		4,593,552		5,414,227		2,283,140		3,131,087
(Total Expenditures)		37,929,889		44,076,079		34,781,841		9,294,238
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		44,911,774		43,818,800		55,306,925		11,488,125
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Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers from Constitutional Officers		467,749		487,991		2,118,578		1,630,587
Transfers to Constitutional Officers		(35,648,703)		(36,107,050)		(35,248,104)		858,946
Transfers in		418,112		420,236		417,041		(3,195)
Transfers (out)		(11,515,186)		(12,043,162)		(10,542,884)		1,500,278
Sale of General Capital Assets		26,200		26,200		63,059		36,859
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(46,251,828)		(47,215,785)		(43,192,310)		4,023,475
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,340,054)		(3,396,985)		12,114,615		15,511,600
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		16,011,595		27,536,922		28,302,880		765,958
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	14,671,541	\$	24,139,937	\$	40,417,495	\$	16,277,558

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COUNTY TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Δmo	uints	Actual		riance With nal Budget Positive
	 Original	71110	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues	 2.1.6.1.4.1			 		
Taxes	\$ 8,923,898	\$	8,923,898	\$ 8,077,055	\$	(846,843)
Licenses and Permits	6,117		6,117	8,557		2,440
Intergovernmental Revenues	2,292,922		2,380,478	1,929,876		(450,602)
Charges for Services	18,049		18,049	15,416		(2,633)
Interest Earnings	115,000		115,000	165,083		50,083
Miscellaneous	103,000		103,000	199,688		96,688
Total Revenues	11,458,986		11,546,542	10,395,675		(1,150,867)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Transportation	11,224,305		12,176,152	8,104,846		4,071,306
Capital Outlay	2,104,556		2,380,913	1,353,311		1,027,602
(Total Expenditures)	 13,328,861		14,557,065	9,458,157		5,098,908
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	(1,869,875)		(3,010,523)	937,518		3,948,041
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers from Constitutional Officers	5,000		5,000	20,434		15,434
Transfers to Constitutional Officers	(104,980)		(104,980)	(104,838)		15,454
Transfers in	1,940,050		1,940,050	1,940,050		142
Transfers (out)	(2,193,661)		(2,220,396)	(2,220,396)		-
Sale of General Capital Assets	40,000		40,000	11,495		(28,505)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(313,591)		(340,326)	(353,255)		(12,929)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,183,466)		(3,350,849)	584,263		3,935,112
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	4,195,962		7,639,148	7,756,210		117,062
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 2,012,496	\$	4,288,299	\$ 8,340,473	\$	4,052,174

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MUNICIPAL SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

				Variance With Final Budget	
		d Amounts	Actual	Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 15,229,095	\$ 15,229,095	\$ 15,376,801	\$ 147,706	
Licenses and Permits	248,742	248,742	474,525	225,783	
Intergovernmental Revenues	756,220	874,320	872,421	(1,899)	
Charges for Services	398,914	398,914	469,915	71,001	
Fines and Forfeitures	10,275	10,275	1,085	(9,190)	
Interest Earnings	140,000	140,000	174,252	34,252	
Miscellaneous	1,300	48,072	66,508	18,436	
Total Revenues	16,784,546	16,949,418	17,435,507	486,089	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government Services	2,842,393	2,863,477	2,296,914	566,563	
Public Safety	9,545,342	9,463,125	9,027,123	436,002	
Human Services	1,307,110	1,370,703	1,254,851	115,852	
Capital Outlay	4,838,079	5,000,041	1,969,678	3,030,363	
(Total Expenditures)	18,532,924	18,697,346	14,548,566	4,148,780	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(1,748,378)	(1,747,928)	2,886,941	4,634,869	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from Constitutional Officers	20,000	20,000	79,955	59,955	
Transfers to Constitutional Officers	(3,091,714)	(3,095,367)	(3,094,590)	777	
Transfers in	2,097,880	2,097,880	2,085,132	(12,748)	
Transfers (out)	(85,470)	(85,470)	(85,470)	-	
Sale of General Capital Assets	28,500	28,500	14,887	(13,613)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,030,804)	(1,034,457)	(1,000,086)	34,371	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,779,182)	(2,782,385)	1,886,855	4,669,240	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	5,834,846	6,765,485	9,205,726	2,440,241	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 3,055,664	\$ 3,983,100	\$ 11,092,581	\$ 7,109,481	

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS NOTE TO SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets were adopted by the Board for all Board funds. The Tax Collector and the Property Appraiser adopt budgets independently of the Board. The Sheriff, the Supervisor of Elections, and the Clerk of the Circuit Court (to the extent of his function as ex officio Clerk of the Board and amounts above his fee structure as Clerk of the Circuit Court) prepare budgets for their general operations, which are submitted to and approved by the Board.

Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, provides that it is unlawful to make expenditures that exceed the total amount budgeted for each fund. Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, also governs the manner in which the budget may be legally amended once it has been approved.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed by the Board, as an extension of the statutorily required budgetary process under Florida Statutes. The Board maintained a computerized encumbrance system, which is a part of the computerized accounting system. All appropriations lapse at year-end, except those that the Board intends to honor.

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The only exception to the GAAP basis is in the enterprise funds where depreciation, amortization of bond costs, and change in post-closure costs are not budgeted; while capital outlay expenditures are budgeted and are reclassified into capital assets. These are then eliminated from the results of operations for financial reporting purposes in the enterprise funds.

The annual budgets serve as legal authorization for expenditures. Expenditures cannot legally exceed the total amount budgeted for each fund. All budget amendments, which change the legally adopted total appropriation for a fund, are approved by the Board.

If during the fiscal year, additional revenues become available for appropriations in excess of those estimated in the budget, the Board, by resolution, may make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of such excess. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, various supplemental appropriations were approved by the Board in accordance with Florida Statutes. The following funds received supplemental appropriations during the year ended September 30, 2020:

Governmental Funds

General Fund	\$ 16,600,908
Special Revenue Funds	5,769,100
Capital Projects Funds	<u>8,852,552</u>
Total	<u>\$ 31,222,560</u>

COMBINING NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific sources to be used for specific types of activities.

- Law Enforcement Training—to account for criminal justice education degree programs and training courses. Financing is provided by the imposition of a court cost surcharge.
- **Sheriff Donations**—to account for law enforcement projects funded with donations.
- **Law Enforcement Trust**—to account for law enforcement related projects funded by the proceeds from confiscated property forfeitures.
- Nassau County Anti-Drug Enforcement—to account for activities associated with the County's drug enforcement and drug education programs. Financing is provided principally by Federal drug grants.
- Court Facility Fees—to account for the operation and maintenance of Nassau County court facilities. Financing is provided by a court service charge.
- Law Library Trust—to account for the costs associated with furnishing and maintaining Nassau County's law library. Funding is provided from a surcharge on civil court filings.
- **Criminal Justice Trust**—to account for the reimbursement of expenditures incurred by the County in providing for the services of the State Attorney and Public Defender. Funding is provided by a surcharge on felony, misdemeanor, and criminal traffic cases.
- **Legal Aid Trust**—to account for expenditures incurred in providing legal aid to Nassau County residents. Funding is provided for by a service charge on the filing of circuit and county civil court proceedings.
- **Special Drug/Alcohol Rehabilitation**—to account for expenditures associated with Nassau County's drug and alcohol rehabilitative programs. Funding is provided by a fine imposed for alcohol/drug-related offenses.
- **Drivers Ed Safety Trust**—to account for driver education programs in public and non-public schools. Funding is provided by a surcharge on civil traffic penalties.
- 911 Operations and Maintenance—to account for the expenditures associated with providing a uniform addressing system for 911 equipment. Funding is principally provided from telephone user charges.
- **EMS County Awards HRS**—to account for expenditures associated with EMS prehospital care. Funding is provided by Florida State grants.
- Amelia Island Beach Renourishment—to account for beach renourishment, restoration, erosion control, and storm protection projects outside the South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization MSBU boundaries.
- Amelia Island Tourist Development—to account for revenues and expenditures relating to development of tourism in the County through the assessment of a tourist tax.
- Local Affordable Housing Trust (SHIP)—to account for funds received from the State to be used to assist eligible low income individuals to buy or construct new housing or rehabilitate older homes.
- **South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization MSBU**—is used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to the Amelia Island Beach Restoration, local improvement, and maintenance cost.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

- Building Department—to account for funds received for various fees charged to be used to fund the building, zoning, and planning department.
- Amelia Concourse MSBU—to account for funds received from the Amelia Concourse assessment allocated to the administrative charges associated with the levy of the special assessments.
- **Firefighter Education Trust**—to account for surcharges on civil penalties for non-criminal, non-moving traffic violations of Section 316.1945(1)(b)(2) or (5), Florida Statutes.
- **F.S. Special Revenues Fund**—to account for State/other restricted revenues from general revenues.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest.

- Optional Gas Tax 2000—to account for debt service requirements to retire the local option gas tax revenue bonds, Series 2000, dated September 12, 2000. The bonds are payable solely from and secured by a lien upon and a pledge of the County's local option gas tax. The bonds mature on March 1, 2025.
- County Complex—to account for debt service requirements to retire the public improvement revenue bonds, Series 2001, of Nassau County, Florida, dated May 1, 2001, and Series 2007, of Nassau County, Florida, dated June 1, 2007. The bonds are payable solely from non ad valorem budgeted revenues. The bonds mature on May 2031.

Capital Projects Funds

The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

- Grants—to account for capital expenditures financed primarily by federal and/or state grants.
- **NC Mobility Fee**—is used to account for the construction or improving of the County Transportation System. Funding is provided from fees on new construction within specific mobility zones.
- County Complex—to account for the development of County building projects at the County Complex. Financing for the completed Courthouse Annex and Detention Center was primarily provided by the 2001 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds.
- ENCPA Mobility Network Fund—to account for the construction or improving of the County Transportation System within the East Nassau Community Planning Area. Funding is provided from the collection of mobility fees from development within the ENCPA and through tax incremental revenues.
- Capital Projects Impact Fees—is used to account for the District expenditures associated with capital expansion. Funding is provided from fees on new construction.
- Capital Projects—to account for various capital projects. Some projects may have their own fund.

	 S	pecial Re	evenue Funds		
	Law orcement raining	_	heriff nations	Law Enforcement Trust	
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 179,217	\$	3,106	\$	631,358
Equity in Pooled Investments	-		-		-
Accounts Receivable	-		-		-
Loans Receivable					
(Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)	-		-		-
Prepaids Due from Constitutional Officers	1,195		-		-
Due from Other Funds	1,193		_		_
Due from Other Governments	_		_		4,156
Total Assets	 180,412	•	3,106	-	635,514
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of	 				
Resources and Fund Balance					
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	-		-		-
Retainage Payable	-		-		-
Due to Other Funds	-		-		-
Due to Constitutional Officers	-		-		-
Due to Other Governments	-		-		-
Deposits	 				
Total Liabilities	 				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 				
Fund Balances					
Non-Spendable	-		-		-
Restricted	180,412		3,106		635,514
Committed	-		-		-
Assigned	 				-
Total Fund Balances	180,412		3,106		635,514
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 180,412	\$	3,106	\$	635,514

Special Reve	nue l	Funds
--------------	-------	-------

Nassau County Anti-Drug Enforcement		Court Facility Fees		Law Library Trust		Criminal Justice Trust		Legal Aid Trust		Special Drug/Alcohol Rehabilitation	
\$	40,010	\$	132,166	\$	109,305	\$	116,516	\$	19,322	\$	
	-		425,062		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	-		1,352		-		-		-		
	-		10,898		1,592		3,183		1,592		
	-		-		36		-		-		
	2,286 42,296		569,478		110,933		119,699		20,914		
	<u> </u>				· ·		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	-		12,019		1,742		112		20,914		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		309		-		-		
	-		34		-		-		-		
	-		126		-		283		-		
			12,179		2,051		395		20,914		
	2,286										
	-		1,352		-		-		-		
	40,010		555,947		108,882		119,304		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	40,010		557,299		108,882		119,304		-	-	
	40,010		337,299		100,002		119,504			-	

		S	Special R	evenue Funds	1	
	Drive Safety	rs Ed Trust		911 erations and intenance	EMS County Awards HRS	
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	30,054	\$	158,215	\$	-
Equity in Pooled Investments		-		242,994		-
Accounts Receivable Loans Receivable		-		-		-
(Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)						
Prepaids		_		-		_
Due from Constitutional Officers		2,168		47,288		_
Due from Other Funds		-		-7,200		_
Due from Other Governments		_		_		_
Total Assets	-	32,222		448,497	•	
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balance						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		-		15,435		-
Retainage Payable		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-
Due to Constitutional Officers		-		-		-
Due to Other Governments		-		-		-
Deposits		-		-		-
Total Liabilities				15,435		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Fund Balances						
Non-Spendable		-		-		-
Restricted		32,222		433,062		-
Committed		-		-		-
Assigned		_				
Total Fund Balances		32,222		433,062		-
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows						
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	32,222	\$	448,497	\$	

Sne	rial	Revenu	e Funds
JUC	cıaı	Nevella	e runus

Rer	Amelia Island Beach Renourishment		Amelia Island Tourist Development		sland Affordable ourist Housing		South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization MSBU		Building epartment	Amelia Concourse MSBU		
\$	195,278 1,000,148 -	\$	504,831 9,548,360 25,058	\$	553,372 - -	\$	217,141 600,089	\$	188,088 6,353,716 -	\$	2,511 969,942 -	
	-		-		40,000		-		-		-	
	1,693 -		3,387 - -		- -		-		1,172 - 7,811		- 757 -	
	- 1,197,119		10,081,636		593,372		817,230		6,550,787		973,210	
	_		457,821		367		170,266		92,101		74,918	
	- -		437,621						106,918		74,916	
	-		21,183 24,753		-		- 682		19,869		- 5,219	
	-		503,757		367		170,948		295,303 514,191		80,137	
					40,000						-	
	-		3,387		-		-		1,172		-	
	1,197,119 -		9,574,492 -		553,005 -		646,282 -		6,035,424 -		893,073 -	
	1,197,119		9,577,879		553,005		646,282		6,036,596		893,073	
\$	1,197,119	\$	10,081,636	\$	593,372	\$	817,230	\$	6,550,787	\$	973,210	

		SI	pecial	Revenue Fund	s	
	Firefighter Education Trust			.S. Special Revenues Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds	
Assets		_				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3	\$	1,671,158	\$	4,751,651
Equity in Pooled Investments		-		-		19,140,311
Accounts Receivable		-		-		25,058
Loans Receivable						40.000
(Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles) Prepaids		-		-		40,000 5,911
Due from Constitutional Officers		_		34,452		104,818
Due from Other Funds		_		167		8,014
Due from Other Governments		_		20		6,462
Total Assets		3		1,705,797		24,082,225
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balance						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		-		8,947		854,642
Retainage Payable		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		1,939		109,166
Due to Constitutional Officers		-		-		21,217
Due to Other Governments		-		-		50,932
Deposits						295,303
Total Liabilities				10,886		1,331,260
Deferred Inflows of Resources						42,286
Fund Balances						
Non-Spendable		-		-		5,911
Restricted		-		1,694,911		22,702,765
Committed		3		-		3
Assigned		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		3		1,694,911		22,708,679
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows						
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	3	\$	1,705,797	\$	24,082,225

De	ebt Service Fund	ls	Capital Projects Funds				
Optional Gas Tax County 2000 Complex		Total Debt Service Funds	Grants	NC Mobility Fee Fund	County Complex	ENCPA Mobility Network Fund	
\$ 442,392 1,002,317 -	\$ - - -	\$ 442,392 1,002,317	\$ 3,280	\$ 2,945,768 4,025,818	\$ 117,569 - -	\$ 63,715 1,456,753	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
431 -	-	431	-	-	-	-	
- 51,617		- 51,617		-		2,543	
1,496,757		1,496,757	3,280	6,971,586	117,569	1,523,011	
- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	
 <u>-</u>						<u> </u>	
431 1,496,326	-	431 1,496,326	- 3,280	- 6,971,586	-	- 1,523,011	
-	-	-	-	- -	- 117,569	-	
1,496,757		1,496,757	3,280	6,971,586	117,569	1,523,011	
\$ 1,496,757	\$ -	\$ 1,496,757	\$ 3,280	\$ 6,971,586	\$ 117,569	\$ 1,523,011	

		nds			
	Capital Projects Impact Fees	Capital Projects	Total Capital Project Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 55,952	\$ 75,823	\$ 3,262,107	\$ 8,456,150	
Equity in Pooled Investments	4,807,752	5,226,457	15,516,780	35,659,408	
Accounts Receivable	-	-	-	25,058	
Loans Receivable				40.000	
(Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)	-	-	-	40,000	
Prepaids	-	-	-	6,342	
Due from Constitutional Officers Due from Other Funds	-	-	- 2 F42	104,818	
Due from Other Governments	-	-	2,543	10,557 58,079	
Total Assets	4,863,704	5,302,280	18,781,430	44,360,412	
Total Assets	4,003,704	3,302,200	10,701,430	44,300,412	
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance					
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	48,888	106,385	155,273	1,009,915	
Retainage Payable	-	106,035	106,035	106,035	
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	109,166	
Due to Constitutional Officers	-	-	-	21,217	
Due to Other Governments	-	-	-	50,932	
Deposits				295,303	
Total Liabilities	48,888	212,420	261,308	1,592,568	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				42,286	
Fund Balances					
Non-Spendable	-	_	-	6,342	
Restricted	4,814,816	_	13,312,693	37,511,784	
Committed	-	5,089,860	5,089,860	5,089,863	
Assigned	-	-	117,569	117,569	
Total Fund Balances	4,814,816	5,089,860	18,520,122	42,725,558	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 4,863,704	\$ 5,302,280	\$ 18,781,430	\$ 44,360,412	
			, ,		

Special Revenue Funds

			special Re	venue Funas		
		Law orcement raining	_	neriff nations	Law Enforcement Trust	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and Permits		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Revenues		-		-		-
Charges for Services		8,887		-		-
Fines and Forfeitures		12,417		-		9,620
Investment Earnings (Loss)		1,458		27		220
Miscellaneous						617
Total Revenues		22,762		27		10,457
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government Services		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		-		2,000
Physical Environment		-		-		-
Transportation		-		-		-
Economic Environment		-		-		-
Human Services		-		-		-
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-
Court-Related Expenditures		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		-
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		-		-		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges						2 000
(Total Expenditures)						2,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		22,762		27		8,457
	-					<u> </u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						547.660
Transfers from Constitutional Officers		-		-		517,663
Transfers to Constitutional Officers		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		- (12.070)
Transfers (out)						(12,979)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						504,684
Net Change in Fund Balances		22,762		27		513,141
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		157,650		3,079		122,373
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	180,412	\$	3,106	\$	635,514

Special Revenue Funds

C An	lassau ounty iti-Drug orcement		Court Facility Fees	Law Library Trust		Criminal Justice Trust	L	egal Aid Trust	Drug	pecial g/Alcohol abilitation
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	- 55,111		-	-		-		-		-
	-		100,734	17,880		54,126		24,002		3,995
	3,330		-	, -		, -		-		-
	369		5,267	838		811		21		5
		-	106 001	 10 710				- 24.022		4 000
	58,810	•	106,001	18,718		54,937		24,023		4,000
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	31,236		-	-		-				-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		4 000
	-		-	-		-		83,655		4,000
	-		34,140	17,880		42,896		-		-
	29,040		24,050					_		_
	,		,							
	-		-	-		-		-		-
								-		
	60,276		58,190	 17,880		42,896		83,655		4,000
	(1,466)		47,811	838		12,041		(59,632)		
								_		
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		59,632		-
-				 			-	59,632		
	(1,466)		47,811	 838	-	12,041		33,032	-	
								-		-
	41,476		509,488	 108,044		107,263		-		-
\$	40,010	\$	557,299	\$ 108,882	\$	119,304	\$	-	\$	_

		Special Revenue Fund	S
	Drivers Ed Safety Trust	911 Operations and Maintenance	EMS County Awards HRS
Revenues	ć	ć	¢
Taxes Licenses and Permits	\$	- \$ -	\$ -
	•	-	0.102
Intergovernmental Revenues Charges for Services	•		8,183
Fines and Forfeitures	22.056	- 447,290 -	-
Investment Earnings (Loss)	32,056 166		34
Miscellaneous	100	7,505	54
Total Revenues	32,222	2 454,795	8,217
	32,222	434,793	0,217
Expenditures			
Current: General Government Services			
	•		-
Public Safety Physical Environment	•	- 462	-
Transportation		- -	-
Economic Environment			_
Human Services	33,589		_
Culture and Recreation	33,363	-	_
Court-Related Expenditures		_	_
Capital Outlay		- 197,613	8,217
Debt Service:		137,013	0,217
Principal Retirement		_	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_	_
(Total Expenditures)	33,589	198,075	8,217
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>, </u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,367	7) 256,720	
	(1,307	230,720	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers from Constitutional Officers		- 47,288	-
Transfers to Constitutional Officers	•	- (382,805)	-
Transfers in		-	-
Transfers (out)		(225.517)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		- (335,517)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,367	7) (78,797)	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	33,589	511,859	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 32,222	\$ 433,062	\$ -

Specia	il Revenue	: Fund	ls
--------	------------	--------	----

	Special Revenue Funds South									
Island Isla Beach Tou		Amelia Local Island Affordable Tourist Housing Development Trust (SHIP)			Amelia Island Shore Stabilization MSBU	Building Department		Amelia Concourse MSBU		
\$	406,507	\$	5,799,313	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-	365,128		2,146,089		181,678
	-		-	338,69	2	-		- 26 020		-
	-		-		-	-		26,829		-
	13,542		129,430	4,50	2	12,326		135,620		9,802
	<u>-</u>		400,763	115,87		<u> </u>		19,347		-
	420,049		6,329,506	459,06	9	377,454		2,327,885		191,480
	_		_		_	_		1,770,749		_
	_		_		_	-		511,457		_
	108,812		342,764		-	336,231		-		220,212
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		4,034,281	198,42	0	-		-		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	- -		-		-
	-		-		-	239,189		171,148		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	100.012		4 277 045	100.43	<u>-</u>			2 452 254		- 220 212
	108,812		4,377,045	198,42	<u>U</u>	575,420		2,453,354		220,212
	311,237		1,952,461	260,64	a	(197,966)		(125,469)		(28,732)
	311,237		1,332,401	200,04	_	(137,300)		(123,403)		(20,732)
	1,693		_		_	_		_		_
	(8,086)		(173,980)		-	(20,115)		_		(8,300)
	-		-		-	· · · · · ·		-		-
			(1,462)		_	<u> </u>		(247,542)		(4,469)
	(6,393)		(175,442)		_	(20,115)		(247,542)		(12,769)
	304,844		1,777,019	260,64	9	(218,081)		(373,011)		(41,501)
	892,275		7,800,860	292,35	6	864,363		6,409,607		934,574
\$	1,197,119	\$	9,577,879	\$ 553,00	5	\$ 646,282	\$	6,036,596	\$	893,073

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Firefighter Education Trust		F.S. Special Revenues Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,205,820
Licenses and Permits		-		-		2,692,895
Intergovernmental Revenues		-		28,697		430,683
Charges for Services		-		265,736		949,479
Fines and Forfeitures		-		55,160		112,583
Investment Earnings (Loss)		-		14,079		336,022
Miscellaneous		-				536,602
Total Revenues		-		363,672		11,264,084
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government Services		-		-		1,770,749
Public Safety		-		68,955		614,110
Physical Environment		-		-		1,008,019
Transportation		-		-		-
Economic Environment		-		-		4,232,701
Human Services		-		-		121,244
Culture and Recreation		-		3,480		3,480
Court-Related Expenditures		-		62,696		157,612
Capital Outlay		-		73,417		742,674
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		-		-		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges				_		_
(Total Expenditures)		_		208,548		8,650,589
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		_		155,124		2,613,495
				,		, ,
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from Constitutional Officers						F.C.C. C.A.A.
		-		-		566,644
Transfers to Constitutional Officers Transfers in		-		-		(593,286) 59,632
Transfers (out)		-		-		(266,452)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				-		(233,462)
Net Change in Fund Balances				155,124		2,380,033
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		- o				
		3		1,539,787		20,328,646
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	3	\$	1,694,911	\$	22,708,679

	Debt Service Fun	ds	Capital Projects Funds						
Optional Gas Tax 2000	County Complex			NC Mobility Fee Fund	County Complex	ENCPA Mobility Network Fund			
\$ 917,867	\$ -	\$ 917,867	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
-	-	-	-	1,350,912	-	71,584			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
27,640	-	- 27,640	29	- 76,257	6,313	16,057			
-	-	-	-		-	-			
945,507		945,507	29	1,427,169	6,313	87,641			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
_	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	- -	-			
-	-	-	-	18,615	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	- 5,066	-			
_	-	-	-	-	3,000	-			
315,176	1,295,000	1,610,176	-	-	-	-			
630,255	1,029,750	1,660,005							
945,431	2,324,750	3,270,181		18,615	5,066				
76	(2,324,750)	(2,324,674)	29	1,408,554	1,247	87,641			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	- 224 750	- 224.750	-	-	(653,125)	- 20.806			
-	2,324,750	2,324,750	-	-	-	29,896			
	2,324,750	2,324,750			(653,125)	29,896			
76		76	29	1,408,554	(651,878)	117,537			
1,496,681	-	1,496,681	3,251	5,563,032	769,447	1,405,474			
•	\$ -				-	\$ 1,523,011			
\$ 1,496,757	\$ -	\$ 1,496,757	\$ 3,280	\$ 6,971,586	\$ 117,569	\$ 1,523,011			

Capital Projects Funds Capital Total Total **Projects** Capital Non-Major **Impact Project** Capital Governmental Fees **Projects Funds Funds** Revenues \$ \$ \$ \$ 7,123,687 **Taxes** 1,422,496 4,115,391 Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Revenues 430,683 **Charges for Services** 949,479 Fines and Forfeitures 112,583 Investment Earnings (Loss) 97,427 60,789 256,872 620,534 Miscellaneous 536,602 97,427 60,789 **Total Revenues** 1,679,368 13,888,959 **Expenditures** Current: **General Government Services** 306 306 1,771,055 8,034 8,034 622,144 **Public Safety Physical Environment** 1,008,019 Transportation 18,615 18,615 **Economic Environment** 4,232,701 **Human Services** 121,244 **Culture and Recreation** 51,001 51,001 54,481 **Court-Related Expenditures** 157,612 1,388,315 Capital Outlay 1,393,381 2,136,055 Debt Service: **Principal Retirement** 1,610,176 **Interest and Fiscal Charges** 1,660,005 (Total Expenditures) 59,341 1,388,315 1,471,337 13,392,107 **Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over** (Under) Expenditures 38,086 (1,327,526)208,031 496,852 Other Financing Sources (Uses) **Transfers from Constitutional Officers** 566,644 **Transfers to Constitutional Officers** (1,924,484)(1,271,359)(2,517,770)Transfers in 3,533,320 5,947,598 3,563,216 Transfers (out) (266,452)**Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)** 2,261,961 1,638,732 3,730,020 **Net Change in Fund Balances** 38,086 934,435 1,846,763 4,226,872 **Fund Balances at Beginning of Year** 4,776,730 4,155,425 16,673,359 38,498,686 **Fund Balances at End of Year** 5,089,860 4,814,816 18,520,122 42,725,558



PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Nassau County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Nassau County Board of County Commissioners, Nassau County, Florida, (the Board) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 19, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal controls. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Board's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN **ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Board's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 19, 2021

Purvis Gray

Gainesville, Florida

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Nassau County, Florida

We have examined the Nassau County Board of County Commissioners', Nassau County, Florida, (the Board) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, as required by Section 10.556(10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the Board's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Board's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Board complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Board complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Board's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Board complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal, State or other granting agencies, the Board of County Commissioners and management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 19, 2021
Gainesville, Florida

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Nassau County Board of County Commissioners, Nassau County, Florida, (the Board) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated March 19, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards,* AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 19, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

■ Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. The prior audit finding (2019-02) as described below, has been carried forward.

Official Title and Legal Authority

■ Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Board was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Board includes component units as described in Note 1 of the financial statements.

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The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Nassau County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Financial Management

■ Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General,* requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we have the following recommendation:

2019-02 - Timeliness of Rescue Billing

Condition—During our review of rescue billing we noted that the input and billing of rescue receivables was not done in a timely manner. Rescue billings were behind approximately four to five months through most of the year. This required management to post significant adjusting entries which impacted the accounts receivable aging.

Effect—The input and billing of rescue services in a timely manner potentially impacts the collectability of the receivables, as well as impacts financial reporting accuracy.

Recommendation—We recommend that the Board review their procedures and staffing levels to determine if there are areas where efficiencies could be improved or whether more personnel are needed.

FY20 Update – We noted that the input and billing of rescue billing was behind several months for the majority of the year.

Additional Matters

■ Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but more than inconsequential. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal, State or other granting agencies, the Board of County Commissioners and management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Purvis Dray March 19, 2021 Gainesville, Florida

Management Response to Audit Findings Fiscal Year Ending 9/30/2020

Prepared by Megan Diehl, Office of Management and Budget Director Nassau County Board of County Commissioners

Management Letter – Financial Management

2019-02 Timeliness of Rescue Billing

<u>Condition:</u> "During our review of rescue billing we noted that the input and billing of rescue receivables was not done in a timely manner. Rescue billings were behind approximately four to five months through most of the year. This required management to post significant adjusting entries which impacted the accounts receivable aging."

Effect: "The input and billing of rescue services in a timely manner potentially impacts the collectability of the receivables, as well as impacts financial reporting accuracy."

Recommendation: "We recommend that the Board reviews their procedures and staffing levels to determine if there are areas where efficiencies could be improved or whether more personnel are needed."

Management Response: We agreed with this recommendation in the 2019 audit and determined that staffing levels were insufficient to handle the demand for utility billing and rescue billing functions under the current structure. Effective October 2020, management of the Nassau Amelia Utility billing and customer service functions were transitioned to the County's contracted utility operator, the Florida Governmental Utility Authority (FGUA). Although the staffing transition required County billing staff to continue to support both roles for most of Q1 of fiscal 2021, a review of the current aging report shows that the issue is being addressed and the collectability of receivables has improved. As of February 2021, all charges have been posted in the billing system and forwarded to the responsible party for payment, with roughly 41% of receivables within the 90-day collection period as compared to 19% at the same time in the prior year.

AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared John A. Crawford, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of Nassau County which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida;
- 2 The governing body of Nassau County adopted Ordinance No. 87-17, 87-30, 87-44, 89-17, 90-06, 2000-23, 2000-43, 2003-11, 2003-25, 2003-55, 2004-14, 2004-32, 2005-54, 2005-2, 2005-56 and 2016-02 implementing an impact fee; and
- 3. Nassau County has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

John A. Crawford
Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF NASSAU

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this 19th day of March, 2020.

NOTARY PUBLIC
Print Name W. Gamble

Personally known or produced identification _____

Type of identification produced: _____

My Commission Expires:

LORI M. GAMBLE

Notary Public, State of Florida

My Comm. Expires August 18, 2021

Commission No. GG 110001

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